

Progetti "Action Learning" per HP

Management Learning Program

30/03/06

Incontro G.I.D.P



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SIEMENS ITALIA -HR TRAINING

# Siemens è uno dei **leader mondiali** nell'elettronica e nell'elettrotecnica



#### Le sfide di HR

- Nella generalizzata crescita della competizione si pongono alle direzioni HR due fondamentali <u>sfide</u>:
- □Essere promotrice di azioni volte allo sviluppo di competenze e conoscenze dell'organizzazione e del sistema mercato/cliente esterno
- ☐ Utilizzare razionalmente le risorse ,dimostrando l'efficacia delle azioni svolte in termini di sviluppo delle risorse e di crescita dell'organizzazione



# Siemens HR: Training center

Una risposta alle sfide

Management Learning Program







#### The Corporation

MANAGEMENT EDUCATION

### SIEMENS: BUILDING A 'B-SCHOOL' ITS OWN BACKYARD

The company's execs are solving problems that would have required high-priced consultants

or Siemens, it bordered on the embarrassing. The \$65 billion German conglomerate makes 12 million mobile phones a year, but its own use of mobile-phone service was stuck in the wireless Stone Age. Managers in different units in Britain were acting like the Lone Ranger, buying phone service for their thousands of em-

plovees from a bevy of farflung suppliers instead of huddling like a team to negotiate a cut-rate contract from one source. Co-workers were dialing each other up over costly wireless networks when they could have been patching calls through Siemens' own, less expensive network. One of the mobile-phone use manuals was prehistoric-it hadn't been updated since 1991. No surprise then that all this was wasting \$4 million a

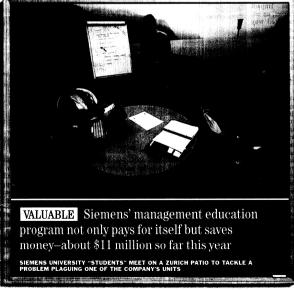
IN HOUSE TALENT. Usually when global companies find themselves in such straits, they hire a slew of highpriced consultants. But instead of tapping the brainpower outside of headquarters. Siemens executives started thumbing through their own worldwide employee directory. The problem, it turned out, was a perfect case study for "Siemens University." This is Siemens' in-house corporate training program, in which Siemens analysts and engineers act like MBA students and use Siemens' business problems as the case studies to be solved. For the

of products includes semiconductors. washing machines, high-speed trains, offshore oil-rig equipment, and telephone systems, it's like having your kids pay back their college tuition upon graduation-along with a generous tip. Indeed, Siemens may be one of the only companies in the world whose management education program not only pays for itself but also saves the company mon-ey—about \$11 million so far this year, according to Siemens. "Why should management learning be a cost center?" asks Matthias Bellmann, one of the program's architects, who also heads up

Munich-based giant, whose wide array | human resources for Siemens' Information & Communication Products unit. "Why shouldn't it be a profit center?"

The company isn't the first to link theory and practice in executive education. But the success at Siemens, a lumbering bureaucracy for decades, shows that nearly any business can unlock entrepreneurial spirit by getting managers to work beyond their accustomed roles instead of hiring outside help. Siemens CEO Heinrich von Pierer says the program is an important part of getting executives to be just as networked with one other as are the company's phones. "The interest we get [in

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#### The Corporation

the program| from all over the place is a good indicator that we are on the right track," says von Pierer.

Part of the program's success has to do with the way it takes a wrecking ball to the walls between the company's divisions, which have long operated as their own inefficient fieldoms. Managers are thrown into teams with the "students," peers from other business units often from abroad That can make for a lot of diversity in problem-solving, since Siemens has 444,000 employ-ees scattered across 190 countries. "To compete globally, they have to be able to share resources and share ideas," says James H. Vander Weide, a professor at Duke University's

Fuqua School of Business, who teaches finance in the Siemens management learning program. "That's one of the purposes of this."

Just how does it work? The students identify what's known in the program jargon as a Business Impact Project, an unexploited way to make or save money. Usually the project is outside the students' area of expertise. They don't get a penny to solve the problems, so URINGA

the only re- SESSION IN source they ZURICE

have to start with is their ingenuity in forging alliances in other departments. The point is to force managers beyond the well-worn grooves and make them work

across corporate lines of authority. CONVERTING THE SKEPTICS. Gathering several times a year for weeklong trou ble-shooting sessions in classrooms all over the world, the students debate ways to save or make money. When they're not meeting, the e-mail flies. To get to the root of the British unit's problem, for example, a team of six students, who were all midlevel Siemens managers, put the word out that they were devising ways to centralize the purchase of phone service. When suppliers got wind of this, they cut prices says Chris Winfield, finance director for | vices customers often need for the

a British Siemens unit and a student. Lequipment. The result: Siemens earned The group also took its cost-savings

microscope in-house, requiring that employees in Britain get bills detailing the cost of their own mobile-phone use. In one German office, mobile-phone bills fell 60% when employees realized how much money they were wasting on cost-As with all the Siemens University

projects, the big challenge for the students is always to win over the managers heading the scrutinized units-in this case the brass in charge of mobilephone use. To convert the skeptics, the team drew up a presentation detailing the millions in savings. "We did a road

AT SIEMENS, SCHOOL RULES

How the German giant uses its university to

improve the bottom line

► About six managers from different divi-

sions are given a "case study," a real-life

business problem from a Siemens busi-ness unit different from their own

► The team wins over the units' man-

they can save by implementing the

➤ The students still have to do their reg

turn, compared with GE's 9.8%. "Siemens was product-oriented rather than customer-oriented," says Duke's Vander Weide. "You can't really do that in a competitive environment. NO MORE CHINESE WALLS. The univer-

\$852 million on \$23 billion in sales in

the fourth quarter-a paltry 3.7% re-

sity is just one component of Siemens' overhaul—but a crucial one, executives say. That's because they can reinforce in the classroom what's so important to the company as a whole-becoming more service-oriented and obliterating all the Chinese walls that constrain the enterprise. In Sweden and Norway ear-

lier this year one team managed to get engineering, maintenance, and service units to hid jointly to build and maintain a processing facility for Swedish chemical maker Borealis, Although the bid is still pending, it was a first for the divisions.

The company's management learning program isn't as well-known as other aspects of Siemens restructur-

LOOKING ing plan, such as the move to spin FOR the move to spin
WAYS TO off the Infineon SAVE MONEY Technologies semiconductor

and not a dime to play with to help solve the problems. ➤ What's in it for the students?

chet of being in the program: Uni-versity students are seen as up-and-comers. ▶ Bottom line: Siemens says the cost-cutting projects have generated \$11 million in saving

team's plan

so far this year

show up and down the country." Winfield says. They also set up a site on the Siemens intranet that explained the project in detail, helping build support among employees.

Siemens University is part of a largrestructuring effort at the company, aimed at taking a page from competitor General Electric Co.'s playbook. Siemens s banking that such moves will help boost profitability. The company fell be-hind by focusing too much on equipment and not enough on following GE's example of offering the higher-margin servicing, financing, and consulting serunit next year But slowly investors are beginning to appreciate it. Meanwhile, shares have risen 37% in the

last two years, to a recent \$90. But that's still a long way from GE's 109% share appreciation in the same period.

By next year, Siemens plans to be funneling 2,500 managers a year through the university. Participants still have to do their regular jobs, which leads to long hours; a peek at team e-mail shows them exchanging messages at 1 a.m. That leads to some grumbling, but to be tapped for the program is the equivalent to getting a career coach in the U.S.: It's a signal that you're an up-and-comer. The payoff can be big for the students-not to mention Siemens

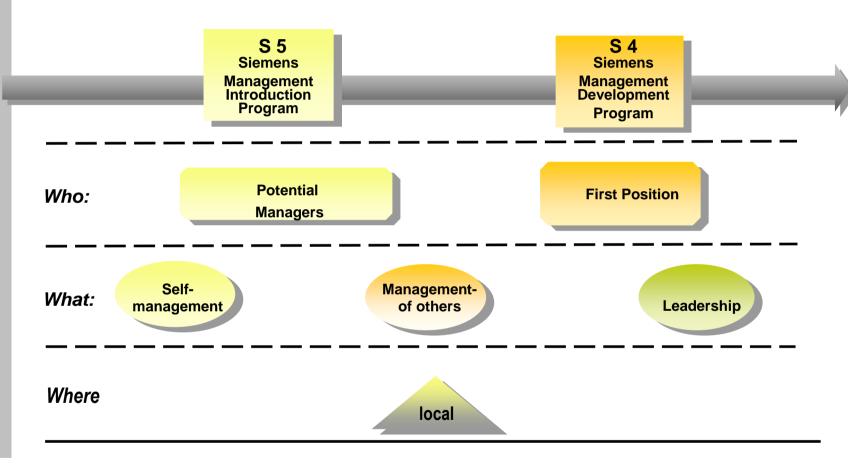
By Jack Ewing in Frankfurt

Management Learning intranet.beAhead.siemens.com



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### **EFFICACI AZIONI: I Programmi ML**





Process: Preparation Workshop Intersession Workshop Intersession Workshop Transfer Phase 1 1 2 2 3 Phase

### FY:05/06 Collaboratori coinvolti nel ML Program

S5: 75 circa

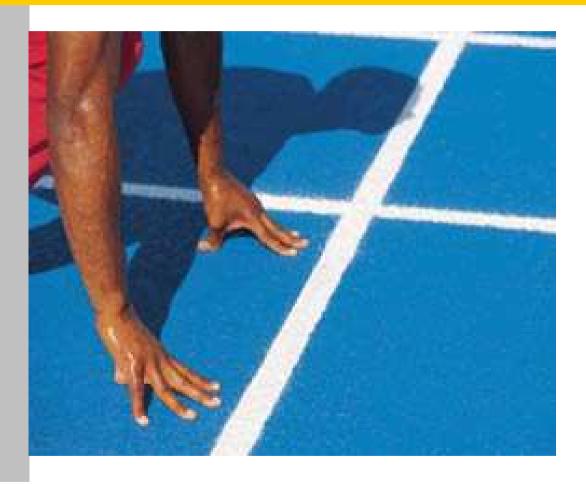
S4: 75 circa

24 PROGETTI

24 COACH



### Management Learning: HR e Line al via.....



### **FASE 1**:

**SCELTA DESTINATARI** 

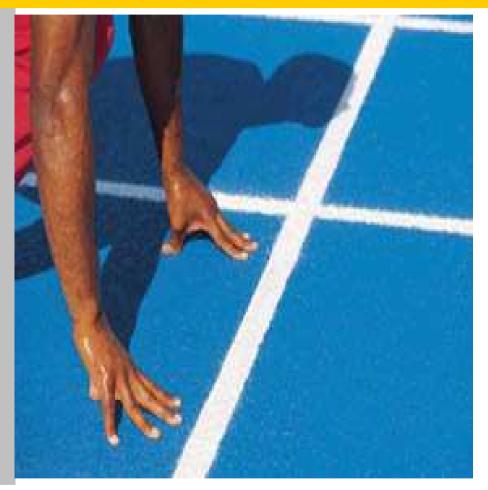
**RUOLI COINVOLTI:** 

Management Sviluppo/HR **Training/HR Business Partner** 



be chead
Management Learning
intranet.beAhead.siemens.com
Modalità: Staff Dialog, piani di sviluppo, colloquio con HR Training

# Management Learning: HR e Line al via.....



### FASE 2:

RICERCA e PROPOSTA BIPs

**RUOLI COINVOLTI:** 

HR Training Partecipanti Management



© Siemens AG LC ML CoC 16.03.2012 - Seite 9 MODALITA':Relazione costante con Business Units per individuazione Progetti, partnership con SMS OFFICE

### Definizione di Business Impact Project (BIP)

- Il Business Impact Project è un progetto ad alto impatto sul business che avrà un immediato, misurabile effetto su qualche aspetto dell'organizzazione
- Ogni partecipante in ogni programma lavorerà in un team di 4 - 6 persone per raggiungere un reale, tangibile, misurabile "business goal" in 4 - 6 mesi!



### **SMS** in Italy

Corporate Development/SMS

#### **Innovation**

Progetto A A&D Progetto B MED Progetto C PG

......

#### **Customer Focus**

Progetto B Progetto C

.....

### **Global Competitiveness**

Progetto A

Progetto B

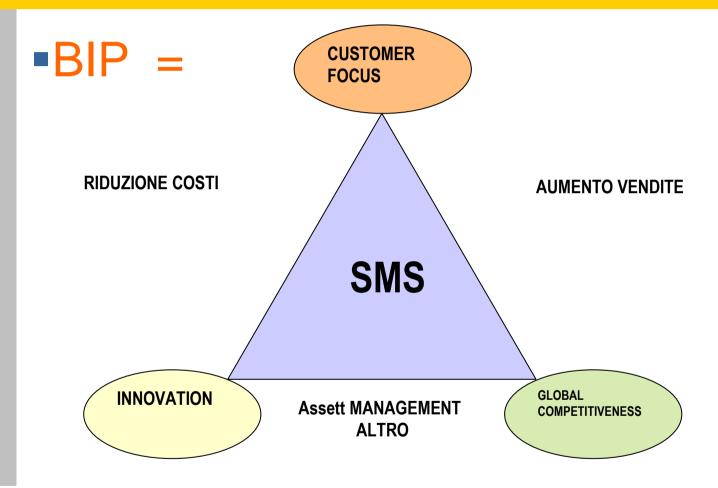
**Progetto C** 

.....

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### **SMS** e BIP





# BIP A&D – Coach Enrico Sempi -responsabile commerciale

## <u>BIP</u>

Individuazione di una strategia di vendita A&D . Analisi dell'opportunità di inserimento di figure di promozione responsabili regionali di società di ingegneria e clienti finali locali



# BIP SBS – Coach M.Pertile/Projects &Service Manager

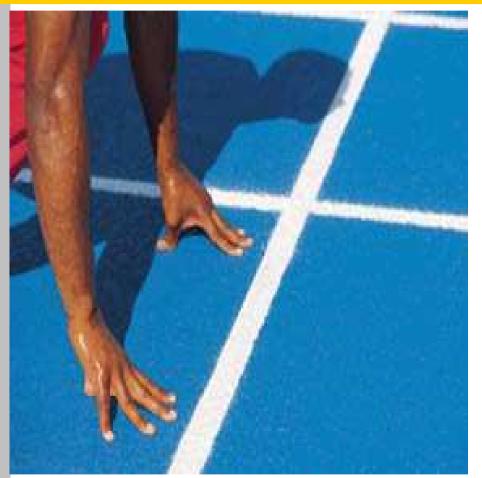
BIP: Una nuova Utility: il posto di lavoro

### **Obiettivo:**

Creare una offering che preveda vendita ed erogazione dei servizi IT legati alla postazione di lavoro, come una qualsiasi utility



# Management Learning: HR e management al via.....



### FASE 3:

**INGAGGIO COACH** 

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HR Training Partecipanti Management



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# MANAGEMENT LEARNING: HR E LINE DURANTE IL PERCORSO

#### **SIEMENS**

### Coach

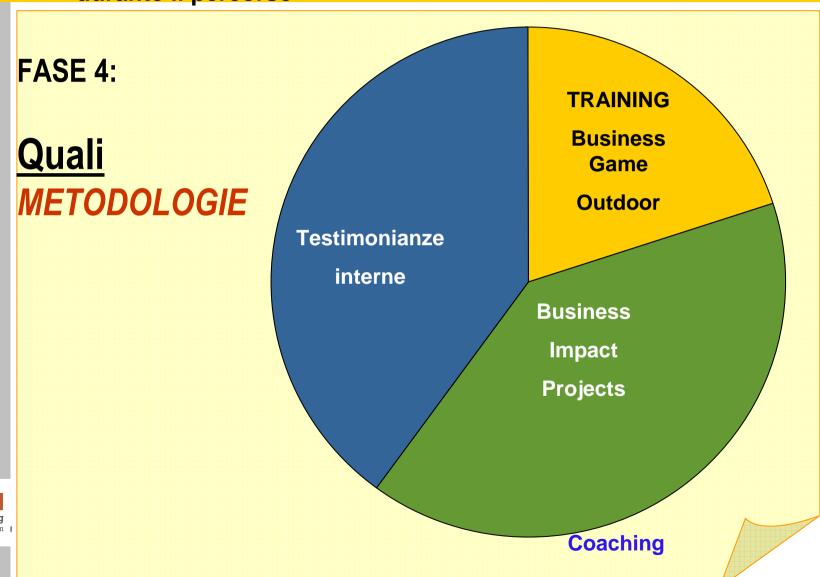
- · Cliente
- · necessità
- · fornisce risorse
- · incontri
- · motivazione







Management Learning: HR e management durante il percorso



be ahead Management Learning intranet.beAhead.siemens.com

### Management Learning: HR e management alla fine del percorso

- Evento conclusivo di presentazione dei risultati progettuali
- Presenti: AD , responsabili delle BU su cui impattano i progetti,responsabili diretti dei partecipanti
- Consegna da parte dell'AD degli attestati di partecipazione
- Passaggio di testimone da team ML a coach che dà il via all'implementazione



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# Management Learning: HR e Management alla fine del percorso- Il KICK OUT MEETING

### FASE 5

A 6/8 mesi dalla chiusura del percorso HR, coach e team si ritovano in aula per una mezza giornata dedicata:

- 1) alla <u>valutazione delle implementazioni</u> e dei risultati ottenuti
- 2) alla valutazione dell'apprendimento



#### **OBIETTIVI KICK OUT MEETING**

-Narrare l'esperienza passata:sfida e interpretazione della sfida . Il BIP , gli obiettivi del Bip e la sua realizzazione operativa (Il team)

-Narrare il "passaggio di testimone" :quale implementazione (il coach)

-Valutazione dell'apprendimento (con particolare attenzione agli sviluppi dei progetti individuali di leadership e automanagerialità impostati nel corso del ML (team,Neosharper,HR)



### **Management Learning e SLF**

- Iniziativa
- ■Creatività
- Orientamento al risultato
- Orientamento al cambiamento
- Decisione



- ■Capacità di apprendimento
- ■Visione strategica
- ■Capacità di analisi



- Assertività
- Comunicazione
- ■Relazioni interf.
- Attenzione al cliente



- Capacità di motivazione
- ■Teamwork





I laboratori di monitoraggio delle dinamiche relazionali sono un dinamico setting d'apprendimento sulle capabilities della SLF. I S

# Grazie per l'attenzione!





