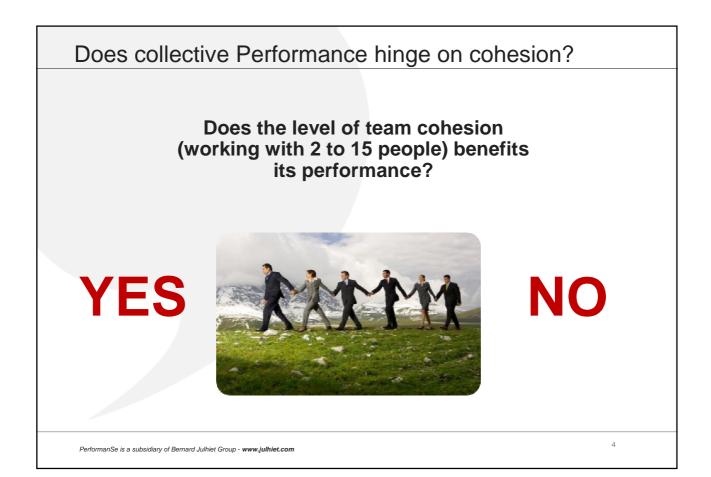
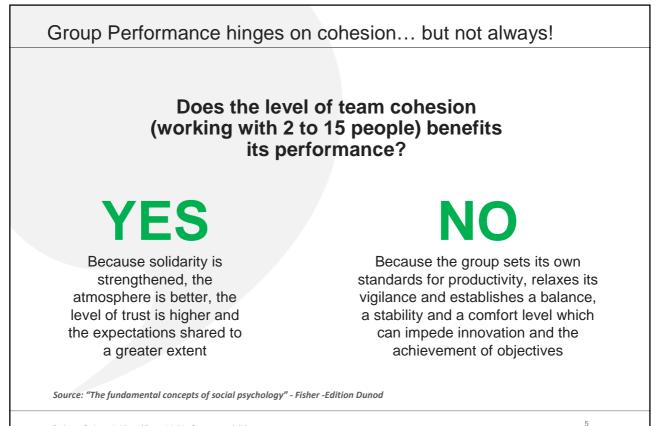


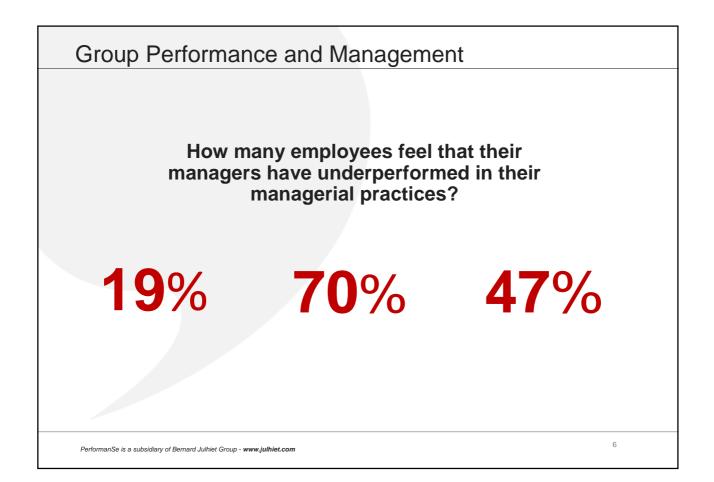
Programme

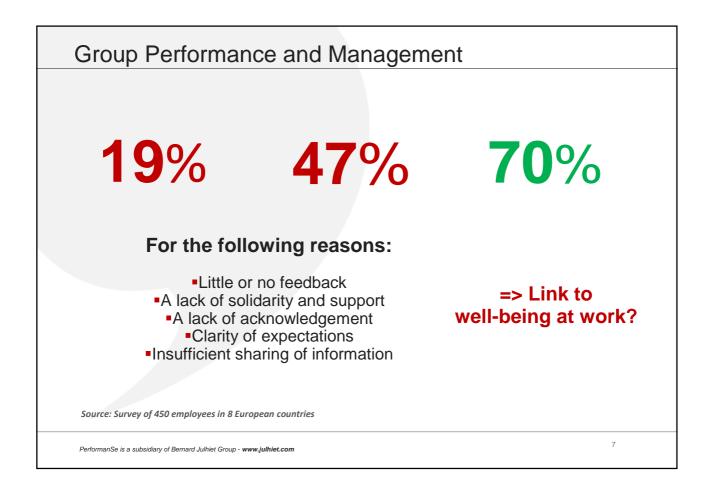
- 1. Objectives of the Te@m-Booster process
- 2. Contexts of Te@m-Booster use
- 3. Our commitments
- 4. Principles of group effectiveness
- 5. Methodology and materials used
- 6. Questions? And answers...











Make a "fair" and objective diagnosis

You want to:

- Know a team
- Understand its dynamics and its expectations in order to better train it
- Streamline & ensure the consistency of the management with the strengths and areas for improvement of the team
- Consolidate the talent towards a common goal
- Develop synergies and collective action
- Manage downtime and anticipate crises
- Engage your teams

>> Discover Te@m Booster...



Context of use and Interests

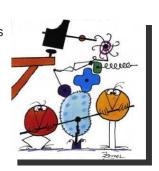
- A new manager taking a team under their wing
- Leading a team through a transformation phase
- Preparing a team for a new organisation

• For the manager who must:

- Take the measure of their (new) team
- Avoid blunders due to a lack of understanding of context and of two-way relationships
- Rapidly establish or re-establish a work dynamic
- Identify group and individual challenges which are often not obvious

• For the team which is often

- Worried about a change (of manager and often of organisation)
- Conditioned by prior experience and often erroneous representations of a new leader



Our commitments

The success of the intervention depends on:

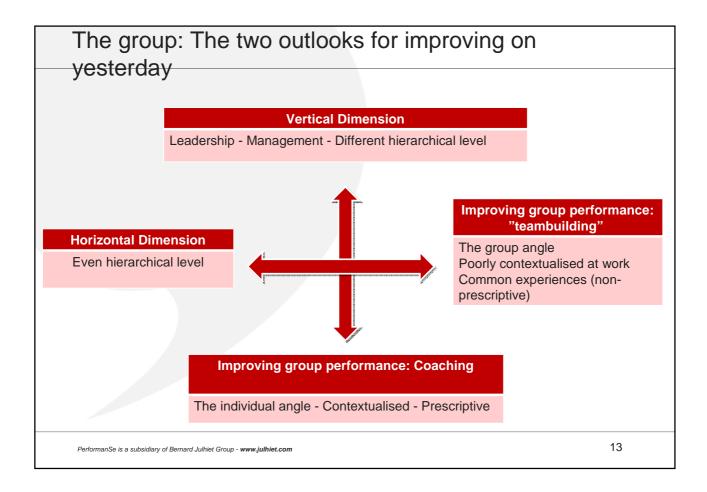
- Data protection
- Transparency
- A relational approach
- An approach based on the pivotal role of the Manager
- The express desire to make a diagnosis





Is yesterday's group the group of today?

Before	Today
Stable factors: • Goals • Roles • Tasks Types of team • Decisions • Action • Production	Environment + fluid, + dynamic, + complex Dynamic team composition: • Frequent team changes • Belonging to more than one team • Flash team: a team for an occasion Technology, distances, time frames The empowerment and "delayering" of teams: shared and/or delegated responsibilities
" The fundamental nature of teams ha Source: Tannenbaum, S. I., Mathieu, J. Evolving Fast Enough? Industrial and C PerformanSe is a subsidiary of Bernard Julhiet Group - w	E., Salas, E., & Cohen, D. (2012). Teams Are Changing: Are Research and Practice rganisational Psychology, 5(1), 2-24.

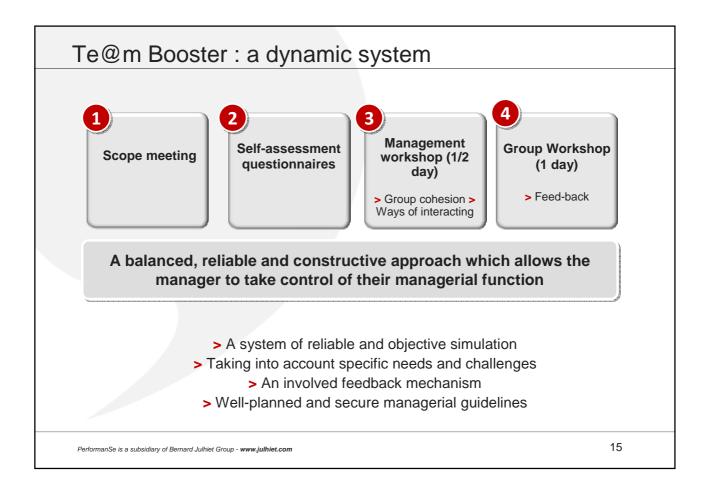


The group: Outlooks for improving on today

Te@m Booster...

- The vectors of cohesion : Influence / Communication / Activity
- The sources of tension: Conflicting goals, rules and decisions
- Team efforts
- Managerial stances

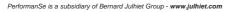


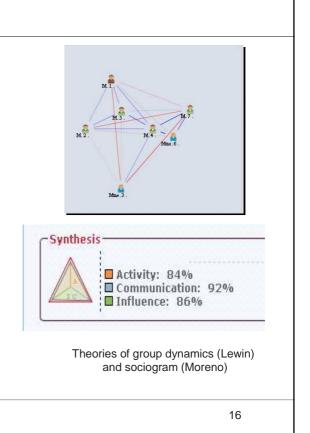


Management Workshop

1. Group presentation

- Understanding the dynamic of relationships between team members beyond the scope of status and organisation
- Anticipating group dynamics in exceptional circumstances and times of change (what to rely on, sources of tension?)
- Investigate and observe configurations on three axes: activity, influence and communication
- Develop hypotheses regarding the constitution and modification of a group
- Simulations of crisis-time relations





Management Workshop

2. Managerial stances and group efforts

- Understanding group efforts
 - Sharing know-how and understanding
 - Seeking new challenges.
 - Seeking feedback and interaction
 - Seeking security
 - Seeking means and timescales
 - Seeking support
 - Seeking the freedom of actions
- Creating a common plan
 Manager / Group

